

IN THE CLAIMS:

In view of the Examiner's position in the restriction requirement, please cancel claims 1-9, 18, 19, 29-30 and 41-45 without prejudice for reintroduction in this or a later filed application.

Please add new claims 46-62 as follows.

16. (New) A method comprising:

- (a) admixing an aliquot of sample under biological assay conditions with a combination of two or more affinity ligands, wherein the affinity ligands are selected from the group consisting of an anti-human antibody, an affinity ligand having binding specificity for a sialoadhesin family member, and an affinity ligand having binding specificity for an epitope comprising a terminal alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid, and wherein at least one of the affinity ligands comprises a detection reagent;
- (b) measuring an amount of the detection reagent which is bound to the sample to determine a value of a marker in the sample;
- \mathcal{V} (c) comparing the value of the marker in the sample to a comparative reference \mathcal{V} value;

wherein the comparing indicates the presence or absence of a disease condition.

- 47. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting of plasma, and serum.
- 48. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein at least one of the affinity ligands comprising the detection reagent further comprises a detectable moeity.
- 49. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein at least one of the affinity ligands comprises an affinity ligand immobilized to a solid phase.

- 50. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein the anti-human anti-human lgG mAb, an anti-human lgM mAb, and a combination thereof.
 - 51. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein the affinity ligand having binding specificity for an epitope comprising a terminal alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid comprises an anti-sTn mAb.
 - 52. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein the affinity ligand having binding specificity for a member of the sialoadhesin family comprises an affinity ligand selected from the group consisting of an anti-human MAG mAb, an anti-CD22 mAb, and a combination thereof.
 - 53. (New) The method according to claim 46, wherein the combination of two or more affinity ligands is a combination selected from the group consisting of anti-α(2,6) NeuAc Ab and an anti-human IgG mAb, anti-sTn mAb and anti-human IgG mAb, anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human IgM mAb, anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human IgG mAb, anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human CD22 mAb, anti-human CD22 mAb and anti-human IgM mAb, anti-human CD22 mAb and anti-sTn mAb, and a combination thereof.



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54. (New) A method comprising:

reagent;

- (a) admixing an aliquot of sample under biological assay conditions with a combination of two or more affinity ligands, wherein the affinity ligands are selected from the group consisting of an anti-human antibody, an affinity ligand having binding specificity for a sialoadhesin family member, and an affinity ligand having binding specificity for an epitope comprising a terminal alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid, and wherein at least one of the affinity ligands comprises a detection
- (b) determining a level of the detection reagent which is bound to the sample;
- (c) comparing the level of the detection reagent to a comparative reference;
- (d) deriving an indicator for the presence or absence of a disease condition selected form the group consisting of MS, a pro-MS immune response, and a combination thereof based on the comparing.
- 55. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein the indicator may be 3 sed in a process selected from the group consisting of prognostically, for monitoring any effect of treatment on the course of the disease condition, and or for predicting a response of the disease condition to a therapeutic agent.
- // 56. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting of plasma, and serum.
- 57. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein at least one of the affinity ligands comprising the detection reagent further comprises a detectable moeity.
- 58. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein at least one of the affinity ligands comprises an affinity ligand immobolized to a solid phase.

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- 59. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein the anti-human antibody is selected from the group consisting of an anti-human IgG mAb, an anti-human IgM mAb, and a combination thereof.
- 60. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein the affinity ligand having binding specificity for an epitope comprising a terminal alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid comprises an anti-sTn mAb.
- 61. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein the affinity ligand having binding specificity for a member of the sialoadhesin family comprises an affinity ligand selected from the group consisting of an anti-human MAG mAb, an anti-CD22 mAb, and a combination thereof.
- 62. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein the combination of two or more affinity ligands is a combination selected from the group consisting of anti- $\alpha(2,6)$ NeuAc Ab and an anti-human IgG mAb, anti-sTn mAb and anti-human IgG mAb, anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human IgM mAb, anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human IgG mAb, anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human MAG mAb and anti-human CD22mAb, anti-human CD22 mAb and anti-human IgM mAb, anti-human CD22 mAb and anti-human IgG mAb, anti-human CD22 mAb and anti-human CD22 mAb anti-human CD22 mAb and anti-human CD22 mAb anti-hum